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EXAMINER

CHANG, SABRINA A

ART UNIT

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3625
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

The drawings are objected to because of minor informalities. Figure 3, Element 304 should be clarified. The element is referred to as the “product matrix” in the specification, but appears to be drawn to a specific article of text in the figure. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: Page 8, Line 33 – Applicant refers to elements 312-316 of Figure 3. Examiner respectfully notes that elements 313 and 315 do not actually exist.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 5, 11, 14, 19, 25, and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by the article “Calico Technology: Concinity configuration/quotation system” (Teresko, John et al. December 15, 1996. *Industry Week*).

Teresko discloses an Internet-based software package that guides a customer through a vendor’s product catalog (database). The software provides “click-by-click” feedback to help

the customer in their complex product configuration. It can “walk the customer through a series of questions to configure the order” and narrow the list of potential purchases down to an efficiently viewable list (presenting and answering a product configuration question). As broadly read, this “interactive” searching method returns a list of appropriate/available products that match each of the customer’s responses to the questions (product matrix display of results).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2, 3, 6, 9, 10, 13, 15-18, 22, 23, 27, and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the article “Calico Technology: Concinity configuration/quotation system” (Teresko, John et al. December 15, 1996. *Industry Week*), as rejected in claims 1, 14, 19 and 25, in view of Official Notice regarding Website design, specifically e-commerce sites.

In specific reference to claims 2, 3, 15, 16, 27, and 28, Teresko does not explicitly disclose that the responsive product matrix shows specific removal of an already selected product configuration parameter from product matrix. Teresko also does not explicitly disclose the insertion of an additional product configuration parameter to replace the eliminated, already selected product configuration parameter. Examiner takes official notice that deletion and insertion of elements in a webpage display is notoriously known e-commerce website design. It

would have been obvious to modify the display of Teresko to eliminate already searched parameters and include new searchable parameters, as taught by official notice, in order to make the presentation of information more streamlined.

In specific reference to claims 6, 9, 17, and 22, Teresko does not explicitly disclose that the model identifier is hyperlink to product or that the product parameter is a hyperlink to a product page containing parameter-associated information related to the model identifier. Examiner takes official notice that hyperlinks are notoriously known in the art of e-commerce website design as a means of retrieving more detailed information, i.e. leading to another page. Thus it would have been obvious to modify the system of Teresko to include hyperlinks to provide the customer with more detailed information regarding a product, as taught by official notice, without cluttering the main page.

In specific reference to claims 10 and 23, Teresko does not explicitly disclose that the responsive updating includes displaying the configuration answer outside the product matrix. Examiner takes official notice that returning search results (displaying configuration answers) outside of the main display – like in a navigation bar – is notoriously known in the art of e-commerce web design. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Teresko to include the listing of results returned from previous inquiries, as taught by Official Notice, in order to allow the customer to backtrack, if for example their product configuration were to lead to a dead end.

In reference to claims 13 and 18, Teresko does not explicitly disclose that the product configuration parameter is a consumer critical-to-quality parameter. Official notice is taken that using “critical-to-quality” parameters to search for products in electronic catalogs is well known

Art Unit: 3625

in the art of e-commerce website design. It would have been obvious to modify Teresko to only use the most relevant search parameters, as taught by official notice, in order to limit the inquiries of the customer to only the most important features thereby saving him/her time.

Claims 4, 24 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the article “Calico Technology: Concinity configuration/quotations system” (Teresko, John et al. December 15, 1996. *Industry Week*), as rejected in claims 1 and 25, in view of the article “With nine Shopping Days Till Christmas, ShopAround.com Helps Last Minute E-Shoppers Find the Right gift for the Right Price” (December 14, 1999. Business Wire).

Teresko does not disclose side-by-side product comparison capabilities.

The article discloses that comparison-shopping capabilities are well known in the art of e-commerce. It would have been obvious to modify the system of Teresko to include the ability for side-by-side comparison of related products, as taught by “Nine days...”, in order to enable the customer to make a more educated purchase and evaluate all their options in a more efficient manner.

Claims 7, 8, 12, 20 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the article “Calico Technology: Concinity configuration/quotations system” (Teresko, John et al. December 15, 1996. *Industry Week*), as rejected in claims 1, 14, 19, in view of Official Notice regarding database design.

Teresko does not explicitly disclose:

- Displaying matrix comprises displaying column headings including model number, price and product configuration heading for parameters
- Determining a selected column heading based on external input and sorting matrix based on heading.
- Displaying product entries sorted by a selected column heading, for example brand name

Official notice is taken that sorting by a field and displaying the results by field is notoriously known in the art of database design. In that Teresko inherently comprises basic database functionality, it would have been obvious to modify the system to sort and display results by specific fields, as taught by official notice, in order to give the customer more flexibility in viewing their search results – i.e. if they have a particular preference for one product feature.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

“Casting their nets on the WWW” (Jones, Kevin. Nov. 1996. Electrical Apparatus) discloses the integration of “product selector” functional into internet-based industrial supplier catalogs. The article does not explicitly disclose a product matrix display.

“Creating Your Web Site” (Frieswick, Kris. Apr. 1997. Industrial Distribution) discloses that “product selectors” are well known in the art of e-commerce website design. The article does not disclose any specific capabilities of the “selector” function.

“More distributors set up shop on the WWW” (Gardner, Fred. 1997. Electronic Business Today) discloses general trends regarding e-commerce website design. The article does not explicitly disclose specifics on “product selector” capabilities.

“A services-Marketing perspective on e-retailing: implications for e-retailers and directions for further research” (Kolesar, Mark. 2000. Internet Research) discloses general trends regarding e-commerce website design. The article does not explicitly disclose specifics on “product selector” capabilities.

Art Unit: 3625

“Product search in e-shopping: a review and research propositions” (Rowley, Jennifer. 2000. The Journal of Consumer Marketing) discloses general trends regarding e-commerce website design. The article does not explicitly disclose specifics on “product selector” capabilities.

“Shopping bots: Intelligent shopper or virtual department store?” (Rowley, Jennifer. 2000. International Journal of Retail and Distribution Management) discloses general trends regarding e-commerce website design. The article does not explicitly disclose specifics on “product selector” capabilities. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sabrina Chang whose telephone number is 703 305 4879. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 5:30 pm Mon.-Fri..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner’s supervisor, Wynn Coggins can be reached on 703 308 1344. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703 305 7687 for regular communications and 703 305 7687 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308 1113.

SC
January 13, 2003



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